

## Fund Statistics

Morningstar Rating Overall	★★★
Inception Date	12/5/2005
Fund Size (\$Mil)	1,528.64
Expense Ratio	0.62
% Asset in Top 10 Holdings	62.26
# of Holdings	232
Turnover Ratio %	44.00
Average Market Cap (\$Mil)	729,822

## Investment Strategy

The investment seeks long-term capital growth. The manager attempts to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in common stock of companies that are selected based on such factors as strong earnings, strong sales and revenue growth and capital appreciation potential. The fund generally invests at least 65% of its total assets in equity securities. It may invest without limitation in the securities of foreign companies in the form of ADRs. In addition to ADRs, the fund may also invest up to 20% of its total assets in securities of foreign companies, including companies located in emerging markets. It is non-diversified.

Current performance may be higher or lower than the performance stated. The performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when withdrawn, may be worth more or less than the original cost. Please visit [corebridgefinancial.com/retire](http://corebridgefinancial.com/retire) for current month-end performance.

## Fund Overview

The VALIC Company I Growth fund uniquely blends two managers in the Large Cap Growth space, currently BlackRock and SunAmerica Asset Management. VALIC Advisors has blended these two strategies in a way that allows investors to obtain active management within the Large Cap Growth space, paired with passive management to gain market or beta exposure. Blackrock provides an actively managed approach to investing in Large Cap Growth, while SunAmerica Asset Management invests the passively managed portion of the portfolio.

Approximately 25% of the Fund's assets will be allocated to SunAmerica Asset Management (the "Passive Manager") that will passively manage a portion of the assets to track the S&P 500® Growth Index (the "Underlying Index"), and the remainder of the Fund's assets (about 75%) is allocated to BlackRock (the "Active Manager").

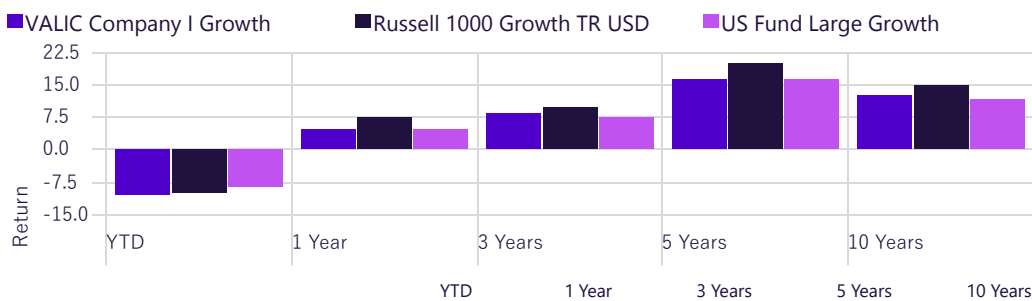
### BlackRock

BlackRock ("Active Manager") manages roughly 75% of the fund's assets. BlackRock invests in large cap companies that the team believes has sustainable high growth to create its high conviction portfolio. The team selects not less than 25 to not more than 45 companies. The process BlackRock employs entails both top-down macro-economic analysis of economic and business conditions, as well as bottom-up analysis of the business fundamentals of individual companies. BlackRock will make investment decisions based on judgments regarding several valuation parameters relative to anticipated rates of growth in earnings and potential rates of return on equity.

### SunAmerica

SunAmerica ("Passive Manager") manages roughly 25% of the fund's assets. SunAmerica strives to track its sleeve's Underlying Index (the S&P 500 Growth Index) by investing in all or substantially all of the stocks included in the Underlying Index (e.g. "Replication"). However, the manager may also utilize "Optimization" when applicable to ensure characteristic are in line with the index (industry weightings, market capitalization, and fundamentals).

## Trailing Returns



	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
VALIC Company I Growth	-10.50	4.69	8.47	16.65	12.86
Peer group percentile	76	50	45	57	45
Russell 1000 Growth TR USD	-9.97	7.76	10.10	20.09	15.12
US Fund Large Growth	-8.51	4.76	7.65	16.44	11.89

## Morningstar Style Box

Portfolio Date: 2/28/2025

	Value	Blend	Growth	Market Cap	%
Large	6.8	47.2	36.4	Market Cap Giant %	71.0
	0.2	1.8	7.5	Market Cap Large %	19.4
	0.0	0.0	0.0	Market Cap Mid %	9.6
Mid	0.0	0.0	0.0	Market Cap Small %	0.0
				Market Cap Micro %	0.0

## Risk/Reward

Calculation Benchmark: US Fund Large Growth

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Excess Return	-0.07	0.82	0.21	0.97
Standard Deviation	16.72	22.14	21.26	17.96
Beta	1.03	1.09	1.07	1.04
Tracking Error	4.00	4.31	3.83	3.04
R2	94.35	96.83	97.16	97.26
Alpha	0.05	0.77	-0.46	0.61
Sharpe Ratio	0.06	0.27	0.70	0.66
Information Ratio (arith)	-0.02	0.19	0.06	0.32
Batting Average	33.33	47.22	50.00	53.33
Overall Capture Ratio	0.99	1.01	0.97	1.02

## Important Disclosures

Fund portfolio statistics change over time.

### Morningstar Category Definition

Morningstar Category is assigned by placing funds into peer groups based on their underlying holdings. The underlying securities in each portfolio are the primary factor in our analysis as the investment objective and investment strategy stated in a fund's prospectus may not be sufficiently detailed for our proprietary classification methodology. Funds are placed in a category based on their portfolio statistics and compositions over the past three years. Analysis of performance and other indicative facts are also considered. If the fund is new and has no portfolio history, Morningstar estimates what it will fall before giving it a permanent category assignment. Categories may be changed based on recent changes to the portfolio.

### Morningstar Rating™

The Morningstar Rating™ for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for managed products (including mutual funds, variable annuity and variable life subaccounts, exchange-traded funds, closed-end funds, and separate accounts) with at least a three-year history. Exchange-traded funds and open-ended mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes. It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a managed product's monthly excess performance, placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The Morningstar Rating does not include any adjustment for sales loads. The top 10% of products in each product category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star. The Overall Morningstar Rating for a managed product is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its three-, five-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics. The weights are: 100% three-year rating for 36-59 months of total returns, 60% five-year rating/40% three-year rating for 60-119 months of total returns, and 50% 10-year rating/30% five-year rating/20% three-year rating for 120 or more months of total returns. While the 10-year overall star rating formula seems to give the most weight to the 10-year period, the most recent three-year period actually has the greatest impact because it is included in all three rating periods.

### Morningstar Return

The Morningstar Return rates a fund's performance relative to other managed products in its Morningstar Category. It is an assessment of a product's excess return over a risk-free rate (the return of the 90-day Treasury Bill) in comparison with the products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar category, the top 10% of products earn a High Morningstar Return (High), the next 22.5% Above Average (+Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next 22.5% Below Average (- Ave), and the bottom 10% Low (Low). Morningstar Return is measured for up to three time periods (three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the product. Products with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

### Morningstar Risk

Morningstar Risk evaluates a fund's downside volatility relative to that of other products in its Morningstar Category. It is an assessment of the variations in monthly returns, with an emphasis on downside variations, in comparison with the products in its Morningstar category. In each Morningstar category, the 10% of products with the lowest measured risk are described as Low Risk (Low), the next 22.5% Below Average (- Avg), the middle 35% Average (Avg), the next 22.5% Above Average (+Avg), and the top 10% High (High). Morningstar Risk is measured for up to three time periods (three, five, and 10 years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the product. Products with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

### Morningstar Style Box™

The Morningstar Style Box™ reveals a fund's investment strategy. For equity funds the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the long stocks owned and the horizontal axis shows investment

style (value, blend, or growth). A darkened square in the style box indicates the weighted average style of the portfolio. For fixed-income funds, the vertical axis shows the credit quality of the long bonds owned and the horizontal axis shows interest rate sensitivity as measured by a bond's effective duration. Morningstar seeks credit rating information from fund companies on a periodic basis (e.g., quarterly). In compiling credit rating information Morningstar accepts credit ratings reported by fund companies that have been issued by all Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs). For a list of all NRSROs, please visit <https://www.sec.gov/ocr>. Additionally, Morningstar accepts foreign credit ratings from widely recognized or registered rating agencies. If two rating organizations/agencies have rated a security, fund companies are to report the lower rating; if three or more organizations/agencies have rated a security, fund companies are to report the median rating, and in cases where there are more than two organization/agency ratings and a median rating does not exist, fund companies are to use the lower of the two middle ratings. PLEASE NOTE: Morningstar, Inc. is not itself an NRSRO nor does it issue a credit rating on the fund. An NRSRO or rating agency ratings can change from time-to-time. For credit quality, Morningstar combines the credit rating information provided by the fund companies with an average default rate calculation to come up with a weighted-average credit quality. The weighted-average credit quality is currently a letter that roughly corresponds to the scale used by a leading NRSRO. Bond funds are assigned a style box placement of "low", "medium", or "high" based on their average credit quality. Funds with a low credit quality are those whose weighted-average credit quality is determined to be less than "BBB-"; medium are those less than "AA-", but greater or equal to "BBB-"; and high are those with a weighted-average credit quality of "AA-" or higher. When classifying a bond portfolio, Morningstar first maps the NRSRO credit ratings of the underlying holdings to their respective default rates (as determined by Morningstar's analysis of actual historical default rates).

Morningstar then averages these default rates to determine the average default rate for the entire bond fund. Finally, Morningstar maps this average default rate to its corresponding credit rating along a convex curve.

For interest-rate sensitivity, Morningstar obtains from fund companies the average effective duration. Generally, Morningstar classifies a fixed-income fund's interest-rate sensitivity based on the effective duration of the Morningstar Core Bond Index (MCBI), which is currently three years. The classification of Limited will be assigned to those funds whose average effective duration is between 25% to 75% of MCBI's average effective duration; funds whose average effective duration is between 75% to 125% of the MCBI will be classified as Moderate; and those that are at 125% or greater of the average effective duration of the MCBI will be classified as Extensive.

For municipal bond funds, Morningstar also obtains from fund companies the average effective duration. In these cases static breakpoints are utilized. These breakpoints are as follows: (i) Limited: 4.5 years or less; (ii) Moderate: more than 4.5 years but less than 7 years; and (iii) Extensive: more than 7 years. In addition, for non-US taxable and non-US domiciled fixed income funds static duration breakpoints are used: (i) Limited: less than or equal to 3.5 years; (ii) Moderate: greater than 3.5 and less than equal to 6 years; (iii) Extensive: greater than 6 years.

Interest-rate sensitivity for non-U.S. domiciled funds (excluding funds in convertible categories) may be measured with modified duration when effective duration is not available.

### Morningstar Ownership Zone™

The Morningstar Ownership Zone™ provides detail about a portfolio's equity investment style by showing the range of stock sizes and styles. A portfolio's Ownership Zone is derived by plotting each stock in the fund's portfolio within the proprietary Morningstar Style Box™. The shaded area represents the center 75% of the fund's assets, and it provides an intuitive visual representation of the area of the market in which the fund invests. A "centroid" plot in the middle of the Ownership Zone represents the weighted average of all the fund's holdings. A fund that is concentrated will have a small ownership zone relative to the area of the style box, and broadly diversified fund will have an ownership zone that stretches across many sizes and style. Over a period of time, the shape and location of a fund's ownership zone may vary.

### Principal Risks

The specific risks associated with investing in this fund. Please see the Risk Definitions document, located at [https://www.corebridgefinancial.com/content/dam/marketing/rs/corporate/documents/pdfs/principal\\_risks\\_definitions\\_english.pdf](https://www.corebridgefinancial.com/content/dam/marketing/rs/corporate/documents/pdfs/principal_risks_definitions_english.pdf) for more information on each type of risk.

### Funds and Expenses

An expense ratio is a fund's annual operating expenses expressed as a percentage of average net assets and includes management fees, administrative fees, and any marketing and distribution fees. Expense ratios directly reduce returns to investors. The expense ratio typically includes the following types of fees: accounting, administrator, advisor, auditor, board of directors, custodial, distribution (12b-1), legal organizational, professional, registration, shareholder reporting, subadvisor, and transfer agency. The expense ratio does not reflect the fund's brokerage costs or any investor sales charges. For publicly traded mutual funds, the net prospectus expense ratio is collected from the fund's most recent prospectus and provided by Morningstar. This is the percentage of fund assets paid for operating expenses and management fees. In contrast to the net expense ratio, the gross expense ratio does not reflect any fee waivers in effect during the time period. Morningstar pulls the prospectus gross expense ratio from the fund's most recent prospectus. Collective Trust Fund expense ratios are provided by the investment managers.

**Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, fees, charges and expenses before investing. This and other important information is contained in the prospectus, which can be obtained from your financial professional or visit the website at [corebridgefinancial.com/retirementservices](https://www.corebridgefinancial.com/retirementservices). You can also request a copy by calling 1-800-428-2542. Read the prospectuses carefully before investing.**

### VALIC Company II Reorganization Disclosure

For VCI International Opportunities Fund, VCI High Yield Bond Fund, VCI Mid Cap Value Fund, VCI Capital Appreciation Fund, VCI U.S. Socially Responsible Fund, VCI Small Cap Value Fund, VCI Core Bond Fund and VCI Small Cap Growth Fund: Returns prior to May 24, 2021 reflect the performance of a predecessor fund, which had a 0.25% shareholder services fee. Please consult the fund's prospectus for more details.

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